

GAMBLING SECTOR PERFORMANCE IN SOUTH AFRICA, WITH SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO IMPACT OF EBTs ON BINGO, LPM & CASINO SECTORS

Presentation to:
National Gambling Policy Council

12 March 2018



CONTENT

Part One

- Gambling Sector Performance: Market Conduct
 - Overview
 - Casino
 - Betting
 - LPM
 - Bingo
- Gambling Sector Performance: GGR & Market Share

Part Two

- Impact EBTs on bingo, LPM & casino sectors
- Key observations and conclusion
- B-BBEE FY2016/17
- ➤ Employment, FY2017
- Research Projects
- Questions and comments



INTRODUCTION

- Based on Section 65(2)(e) in the National Gambling Act (No 7 of 2004), NGB monitors market conduct and market share.
- NGB gathers provincial gambling statistics (turnover, gross gambling revenue and taxes/levies) relevant to all regulated gambling modes i.e. casinos, racing and betting, limited pay-out machines and bingo, as well as information on market conduct (number of operational gambling positions, operators, outlets) and market share.
- Provincial gambling statistics are gathered from all Provincial Licensing Authorities (PLAs) on a quarterly basis (raw data) and verified annually referred to as audited figures.
- This presentation is based on the latest audited statistics/information received from PLAs during FY2017 and raw data relevant to FY2018 (quarters 1, 2 & 3). Where applicable, information is tracked from FY2010.

GAMBLING SECTOR PERFORMANCE MARKET CONDUCT



OVERVIEW OF THE INDUSTRY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Variable	FY2017 Quarter 4 (audited)	FY2018 Quarter 1 (raw)	FY2018 Quarter 2 (raw)	FY2018 Quarter 3 (raw)
Number of operational casinos	38	38	38	38
Number of operational slots (casinos)	23 697	25 346	25 148	25 196
Number of operational tables (casinos)	907	948	954	964
Number of operational gambling positions (casinos)	33 249	35 909	35 800	36 037
Number of operational totalisator outlets	456	462	459	461
Number of operational bookmakers	266	259	270	268
Number of operational bookmaker outlets	515 all sectors from	504 FY2017 to F Y	527	527

OVERVIEW OF THE INDUSTRY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Variable	FY2017	FY2018	FY2018	FY2018
	Quarter 4	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3
	(audited)	(raw)	(raw)	(raw)
Number of operational Limited Payout Machine (LPM) site operators	2 188	2 174	2 187	2 160
Number of active LPMs Number of operational bingo outlets	11 502	11 636	11 900	11 836 ¹
	37	42	45	48 ¹
Number of operational bingo positions Traditional Electronic Bingo	6 497	7 314	7 394	8 033
	1 888	1 900	1 586	1 602
Terminals	4 609	5 414	5 808	6 431

Growth in all sectors from FY2017 to FY2018 (Qrt 3) - specifically bingo

OVERVIEW OF THE INDUSTRY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Variable	FY2017 All Quarters (audited)	FY2018 Quarter 1 (raw)	FY2018 Quarter 2 (raw)	FY2018 Quarter 3 (raw)
National gambling statistics: Turnover	R 372 987 955 104	R 93 930 699 879	R 95 458 200 029	R 101 796 355 638
National gambling statistics: GGR generated	R 26 961 888 560	R 6 770 505 493	R 7 149 889 898	R 7 566 801 174
National gambling statistics: Taxes/levies collected	R 2 743 112 930	R 636 643 792	R 715 085 080	R 762 494 828

CASINO SECTOR

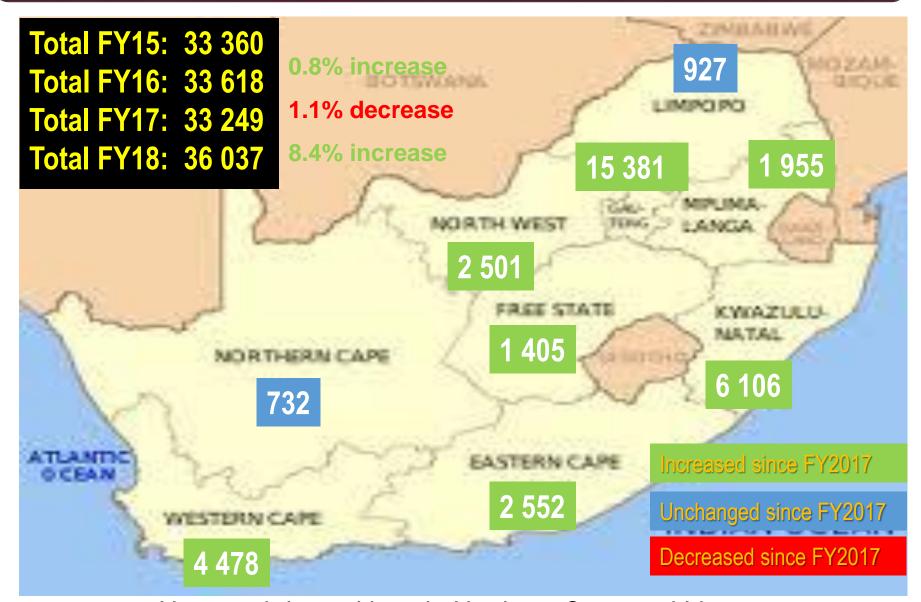


OPERATIONAL CASINOS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017



Most casinos in Gauteng

OPERATIONAL CASINO POSITIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

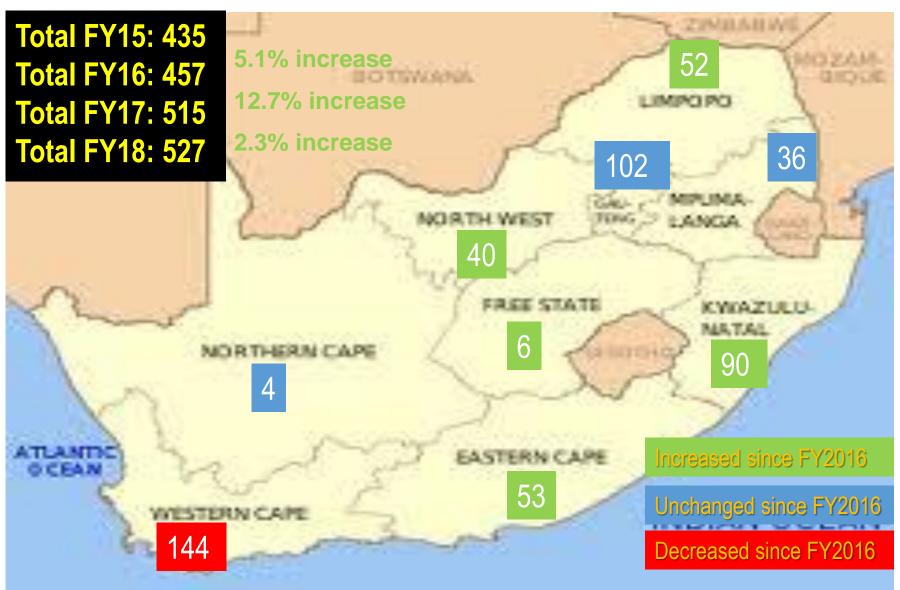


No growth in positions in Northern Cape and Limpopo

RACING AND BETTING SECTOR

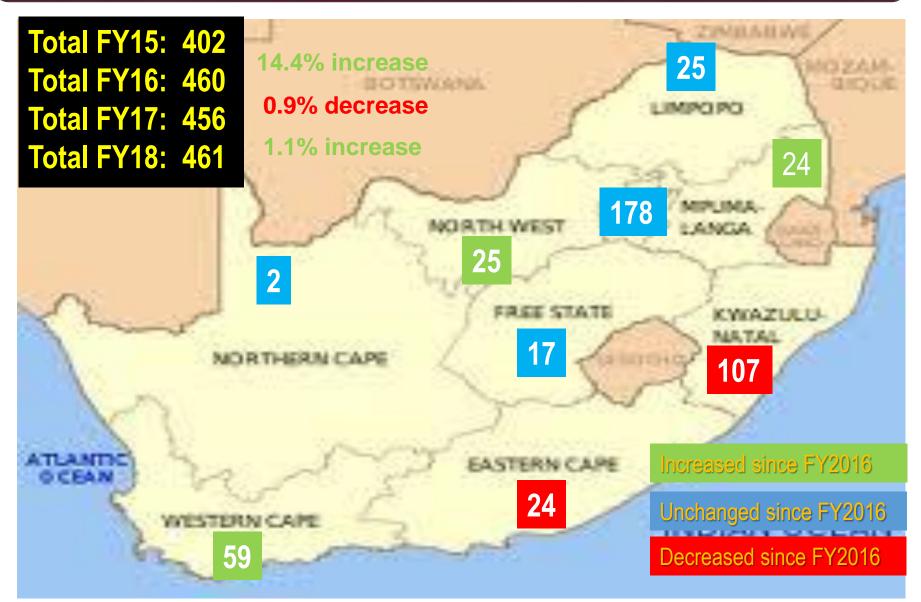


OPERATIONAL BOOKMAKERS OUTLETS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017



Growth in Limpopo, North West, Free State, KZN and Eastern Cape

OPERATIONAL TOTALISATOR OUTLETS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

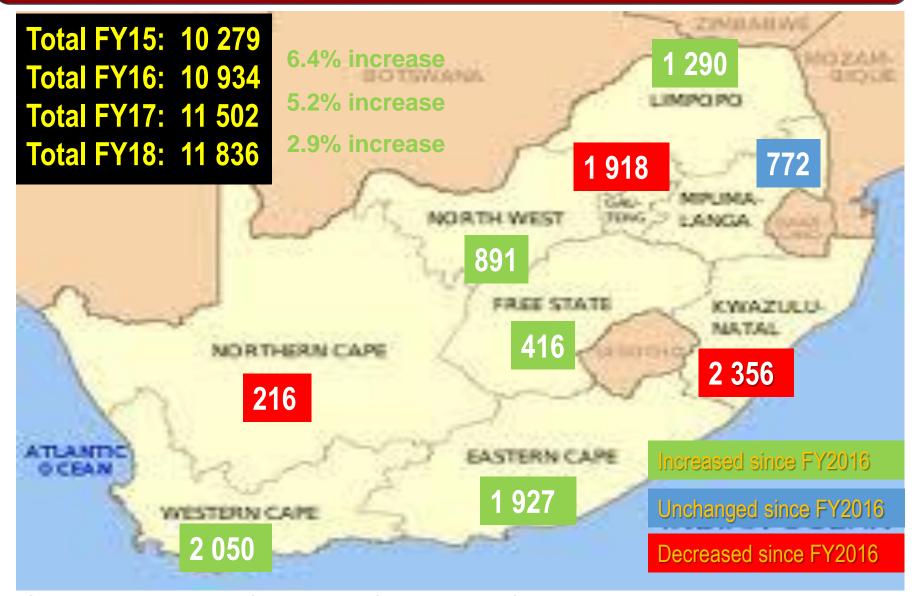


Growth in Western Cape, North West and Mpumalanga

LIMITED PAYOUT MACHINE SECTOR



ACTIVE LPMs AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

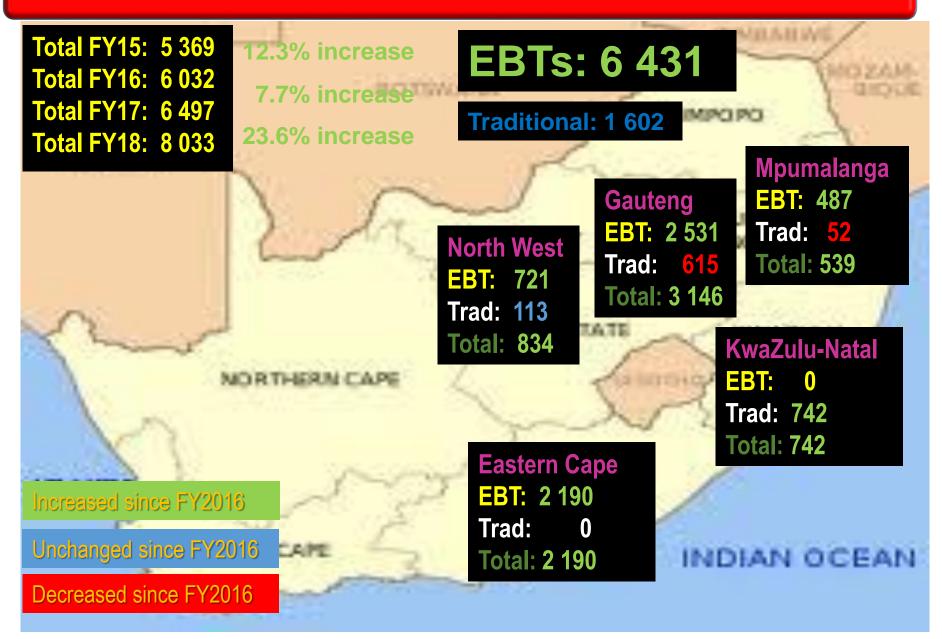


Growth in Western & Eastern Cape, Free State, North West and Limpopo

BINGO SECTOR



OPERATIONAL BINGO POSITIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

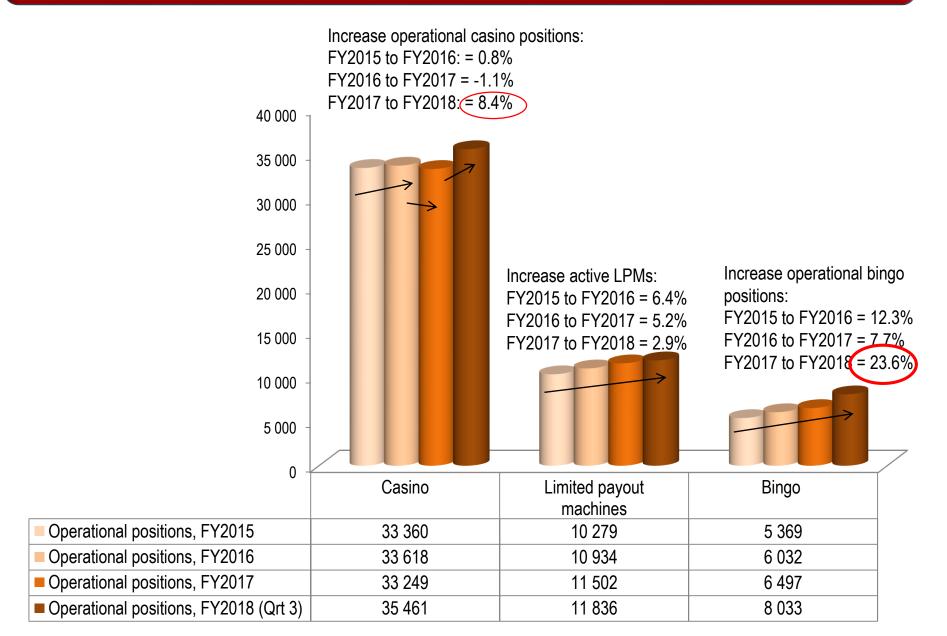


Growth in North West and Eastern Cape (EBT's)

GROWTH: MARKET CONDUCT CASINO, LPM & BINGO



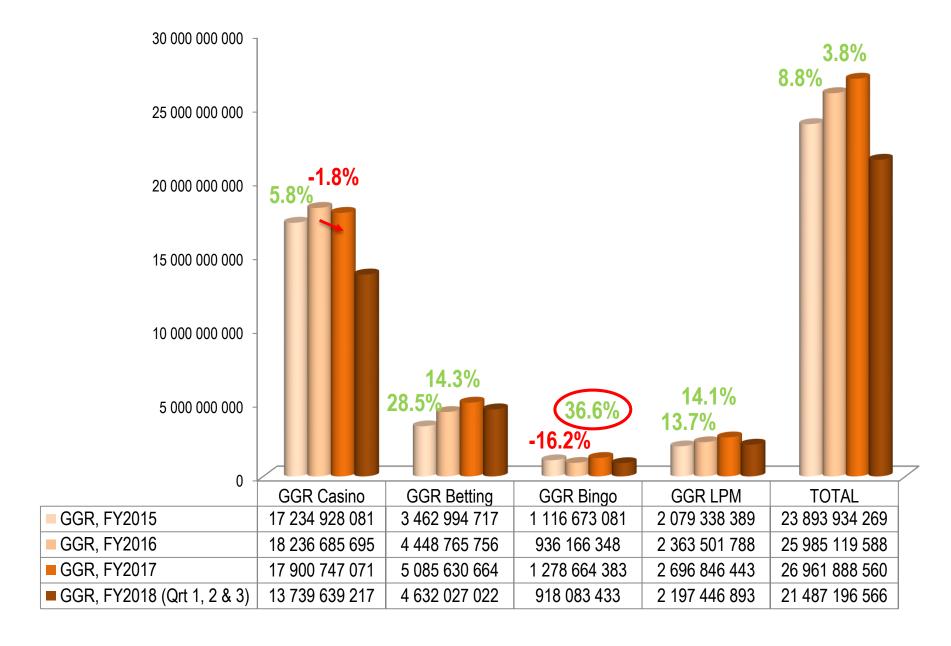
GROWTH OPERATIONAL GAMBLING POSITIONS - CASINO, LPM & BINGO: FY2015 – FY2018 (Qrt 3)



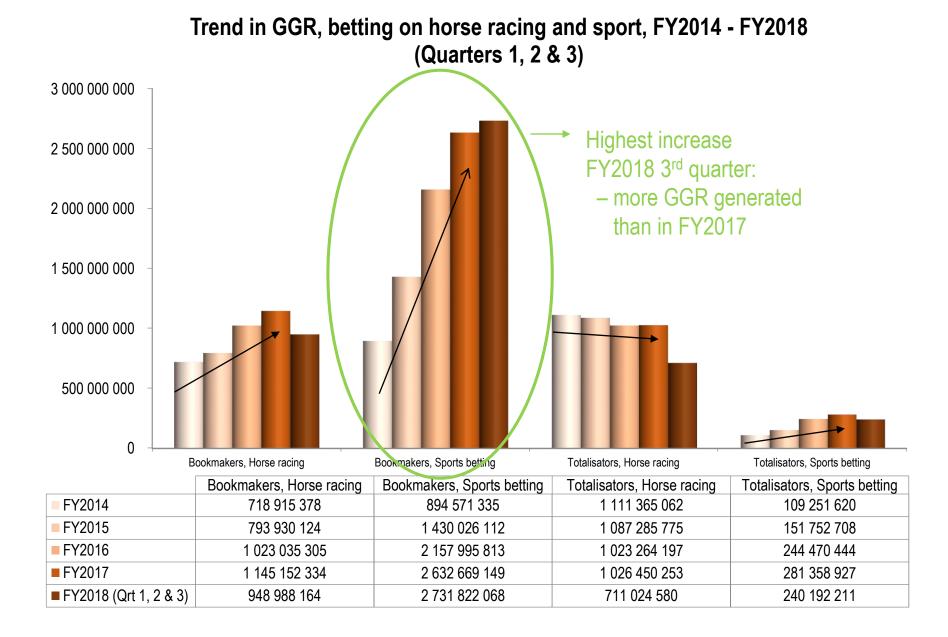
GROWTH: GROSS GAMBLING REVENUE



INCREASE IN GGR (ALL MODES): FY2015 - FY2018 (Qrt 1-3)

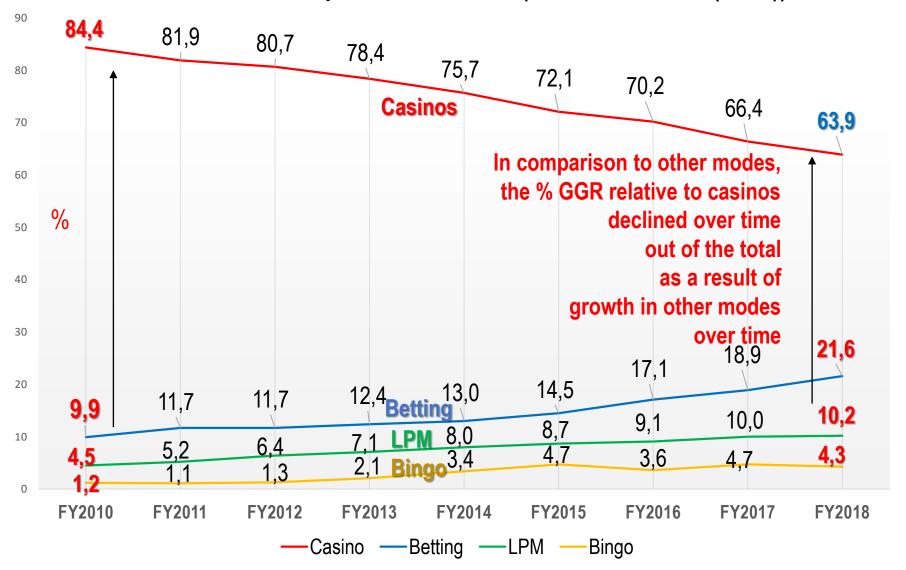


INCREASE IN GGR (BETTING): FY2014 - FY2018 (Qrt 1 - 3)



GGR – TRENDS OVER TIME: FY2010 – FY2018 (Qrt 1 - 3)

Trend in GGR, comparison all modes (FY2010 - FY2018 (Qrt 3))

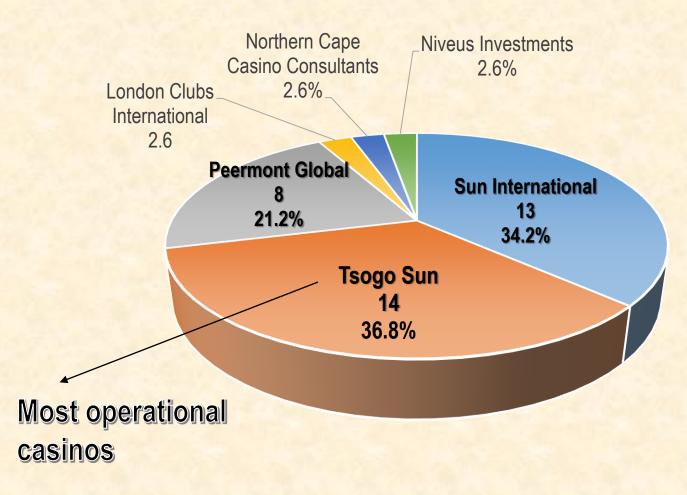


GAMBLING SECTOR PERFORMANCE MARKET SHARE



MARKET SHARE CASINOS OPERATIONAL CASINO OPERATORS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017





MARKET SHARE TOTALISATORS OPERATIONAL TOTALISATORS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Phumelela

Gauteng
Mpumalanga
Limpopo
North West
Northern Cape
Eastern Cape
Free State

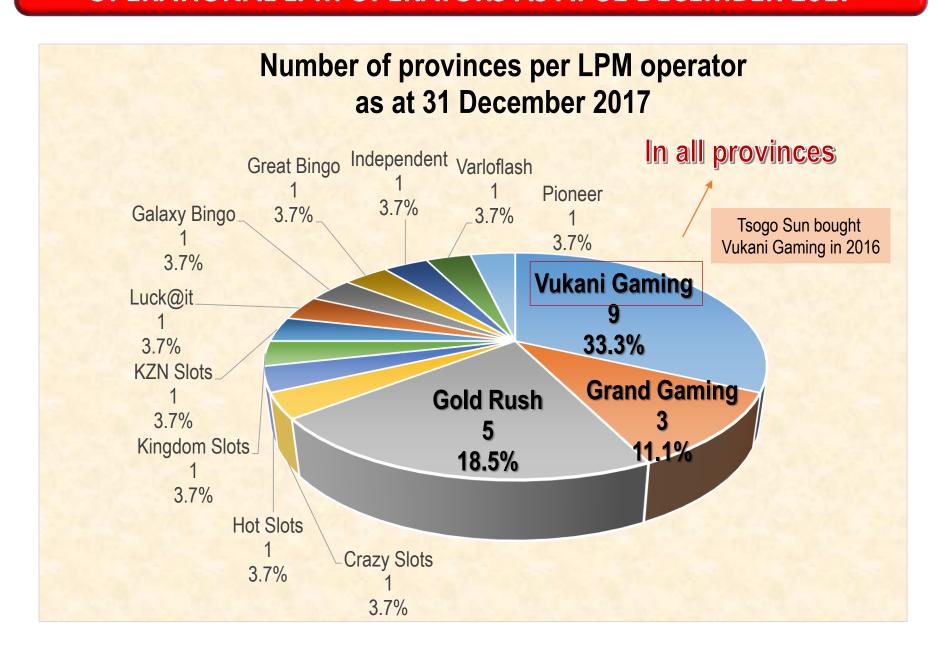
The Competition Commission has approved with conditions the intermediate merger whereby Phumelela intends to acquire 50% of the issued share capital in Supabets (24 August 2016)

Impact Unknown

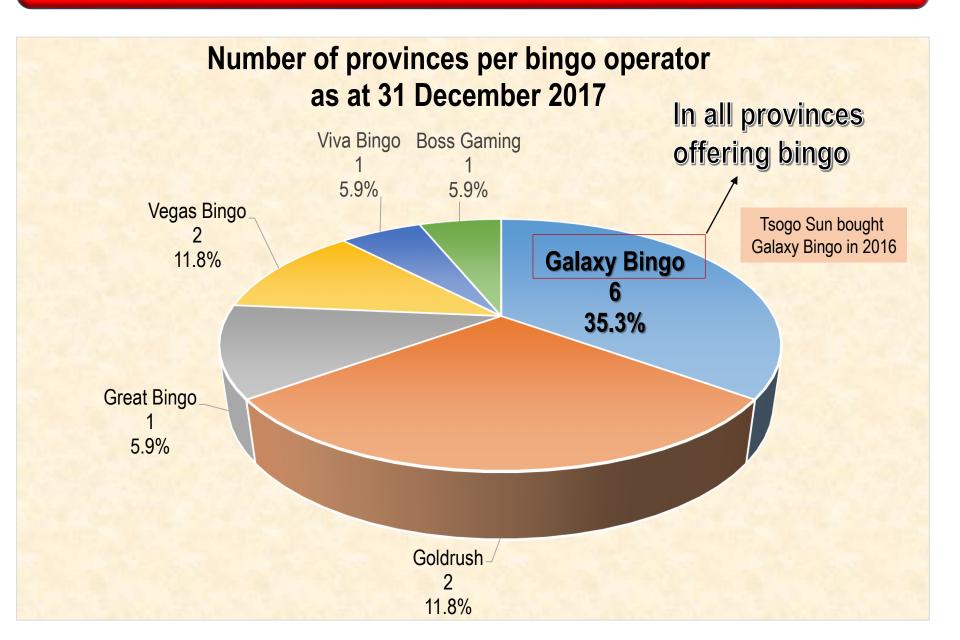
Gold Circle

Western Cape KwaZulu-Natal

MARKET SHARE LPMs OPERATIONAL LPM OPERATORS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017



MARKET SHARE BINGO OPERATIONAL BINGO OPERATORS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017



CONCLUSION

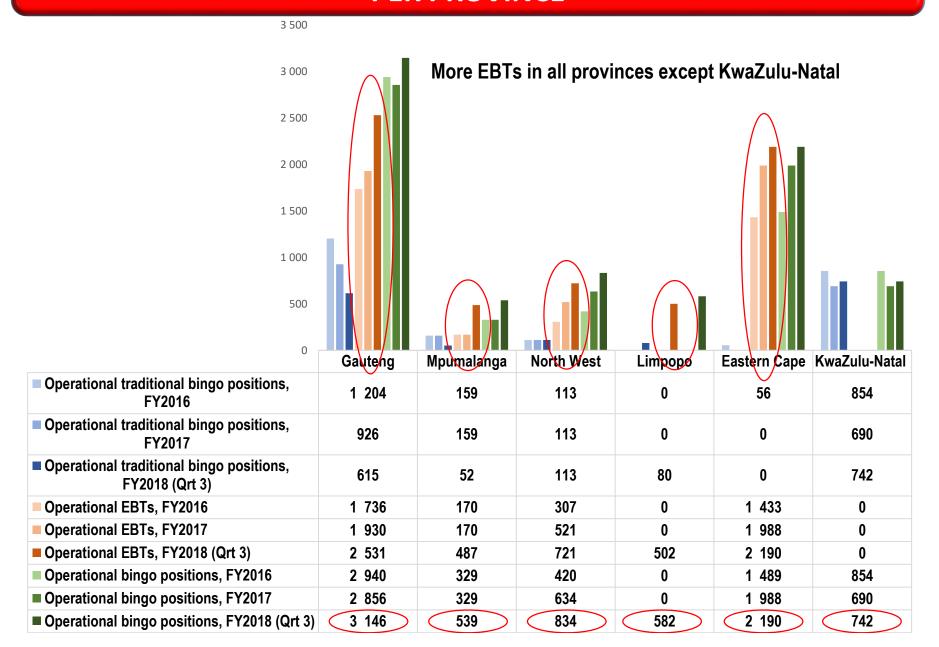
- ✓ Overall trends:
 - Huge increase in betting on sport the comfort of betting on online and on various contingencies might be contributing factors
 - Substantial growth in the bingo sector (increase of EBTs and decrease in traditional bingo positions)
 - Slight growth in the casino and LPM sectors
 - The implementation of the new B-BBEE codes had a negative impact on the gambling industry
 - Casinos, Gauteng, Western Cape, followed by Kwa-Zulu Natal are the main contributors to employment in the gambling industry



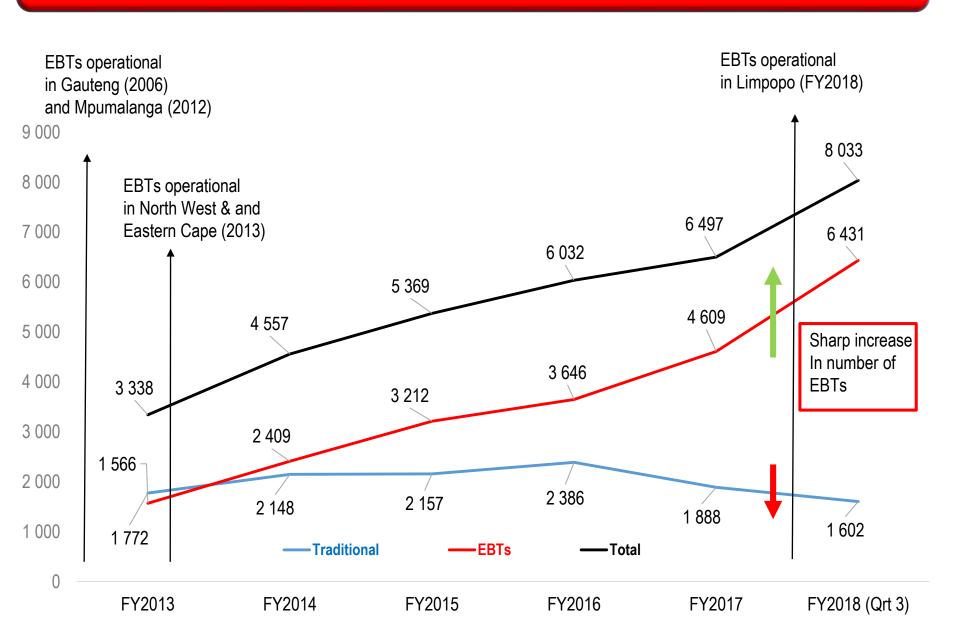
IMPACT EBTs ON BINGO, LPM & CASINO SECTORS



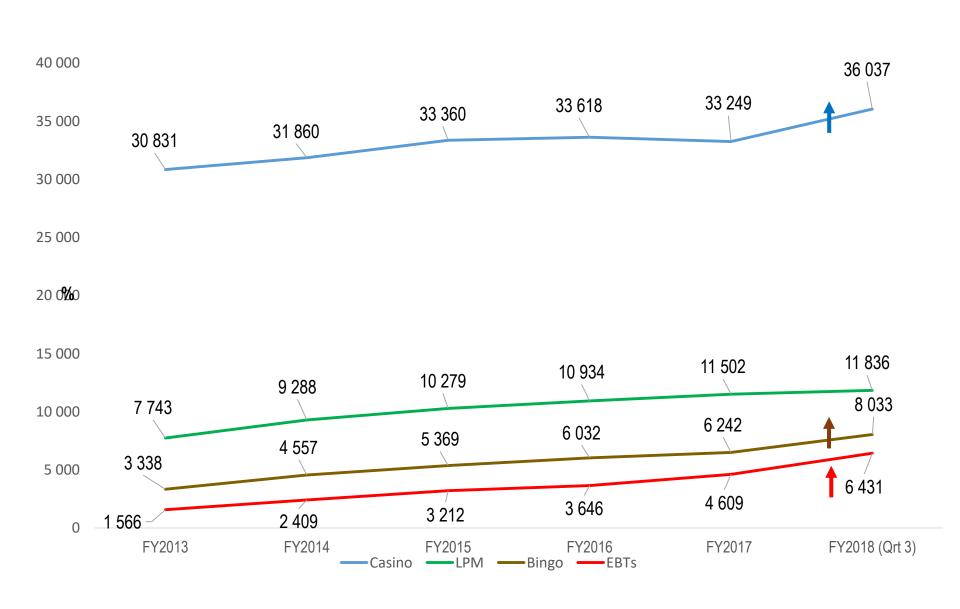
NUMBER OF EBTs vs TRADITIONAL BINGO POSITIONS PER PROVINCE



INCREASE EBTs vs TRADITIONAL BINGO POSITIONS

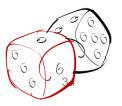


TREND IN GROWTH MARKET CONDUCT (CASINOS & BINGO POSITIONS, ACTIVE LPMS & EBTs): FY2013 – FY2018 (Qrt 3))



IMPACT EBTs - KEY OBSERVATIONS

- ✓ Goldrush operates in the bingo and LPM industries.
- ✓ Tsogo Sun (biggest casino operator) bought Vukani Gaming (biggest LPM operator) and Galaxy Bingo biggest bingo operator.
- ✓ Out of a total number of 37 licences awarded in the bingo industry, only 17 were operational (as at April 2017). When the remaining licences become operational (assumed that it will be mainly EBTs), it might have a huge impact on the current status of the bingo industry, as well as the LPM and casino industry in the future specifically taking into account that decreases were recorded in the number of traditional bingo positions, and substantial increases noted in the number of operational EBTs (growth expected).
- ✓ As at 31 December 2017, Eastern Cape accounted for the highest number of licensed bingo outlets (15, 28.8%) followed by Gauteng (11, 21,2%). Eastern Cape also accounted for the most operational bingo outlets (15, 31.3%) followed by Gauteng (11, 22.9%) out of the total number.



IMPACT EBTs - KEY OBSERVATIONS

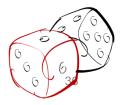
- ✓ Gauteng accounted for the highest number of licensed bingo seats (5,275, 39.7%), followed by Eastern Cape (2 660, 20.0%) as at 31 December 2017. The highest number of operational bingo seats were recorded in Gauteng (3 146, 39.2%) followed by Eastern Cape (2 190, 27.3%) out of the total number.
- ✓ Overall, more EBTs (6 431) were operational than traditional bingo seats (1 602) as at 31 December 2017.
- ✓ The % increase in the number of operational bingo positions and specifically EBTs in Gauteng and Eastern Cape from FY2013 to FY2018 (Qrt 3) was recorded as follows:

FY	Gauteng	% increase	Eastern Cape	% increase
2013	1 585		387	
2014	1 731	9.2%	1 004	159.4%
2015	1 736	0.3%	1 433	42.7%
2016	1 930	11.2%	1 988	38.7%
2017	2 531	31.1%	2 190	10.2%



IMPACT EBTs - KEY OBSERVATIONS

- ✓ Introduction and roll-out of EBTs resulted in high increases in the number of operational bingo seats and generation of GGR since FY2013.
- ✓ Increases in the number of EBTs showed a steady increase from FY2013 to FY2018 (Qrt 3), compared to a continuous decrease in the number of operational traditional bingo seats during the same period.
- ✓ In terms of the generation of GGR, expressed in %, the bingo industry showed the highest % increase in GGR (by 36.6%) from FY2016 to FY2017 compared to the casino (by -1.8%) and LPM (by 14.1%) industries.



IMPACT EBTs - KEY OBSERVATIONS

✓ From FY2015 to FY2018 (Qrt 3), the **highest % increase** in the number of operational positions was recorded in the bingo industry as reflected below:

Increase operational casino positions:

FY2015 to FY2016 = 0.8%

FY2016 to FY2017 = -1.1%

FY2017 to FY2018 = 8.4%

Increase active LPMs:

FY2015 to FY2016 = 6.4%

FY2016 to FY2017 = 5.2%

FY2017 to FY2018 = 2.9%

Increase operational bingo

positions:

FY2015 to FY2016 = 12.3%

FY2016 to FY2017 = 7.7%

FY2017 to FY2018 = 23.6%

16 = 12.3% 17 = 7.7% 18 = 23.6%

✓ 11 836 active LPMs were recorded as at 31 December 2017 out of the total allocation of 25 000. An industry growth of 0.94% was achieved this FY2018. It is unclear when the remaining LPMs will be rolled out and what the impact will be on other modes in terms of GGR generated and the impact on other modes (specifically the bingo and the casino industries) in terms of the preferred choice for participation by gamblers.



IMPACT EBTs - KEY OBSERVATIONS

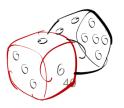
✓ It is clear from the report that in terms of the bingo industry, the number of traditional bingo seats has decreased, whereas huge increases were noted in the number of operational EBTs over time. Taking into account that currently only 17 out of 73 awarded licenses are operational (as at April 2017), further roll-out of specifically EBTs will impact on other industries, however, the estimated pace of roll-out and impact at this stage is unknown. It is noted, however, that the roll-out of EBTs has a negative impact on traditional bingo and that it seems that gamblers prefer EBTs to traditional bingo.



- 1. The trend analysis is indicative of the fact that there is a **huge potential for proliferation**. This is based on the **potential for huge roll out of the number of EBTs versus traditional bingo**.
- 2. It is evident that EBTs within the bingo mode of gambling depict a potential to phase out traditional bingo. This is based on the trend analysis whereby a clear increase in the number of EBTs was recorded from FY2016 to FY2018 (Qrt 3), compared to a substantial drop in the number of operational traditional bingo positions.



- 3. There is no prescribed national limit in as far as issuance of bingo licences and more specifically the number of EBTs that can be made available for play in the Republic as compared to LPMs. The rate at which LPMs are rolled out is not on par with the rate at which EBTs are also rolled out yet there is a prescribed limit to the rollout of LPMs for example the number of active LPMs in Gauteng as at 31 December 2017 was 1 918 whilst EBTs were 2 531. Active LPMs in the Eastern Cape amounted to 1 927 whilst EBTs were 2 190. The concern is that;
 - Whilst it has taken both provinces 15 years to roll out the current number of LPMs, it has only taken 3 years for almost the same number of EBTs to be rolled out.
 - There is no limit imposed on the winnings from EBTs whereas a limit of R500 per game is imposed on LPMs
 - There are jackpots permitted on EBTs whilst there are none on LPMs
 - Advertising of bingo (EBTs) is permitted whilst that of LPMs is restricted

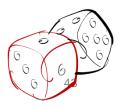


- 4. Whilst it appears that there are similar licensing requirements for LPMs and bingo (EBTs), the number of EBTs permitted can compare to the number of slot machines permitted in a casino. There are stringent conditions for the operation of casinos and restrictions on LPMs than there are for EBTs. A case in point is the Eastern Cape province with 2552 casino positions, 1927 LPMs and 2190 EBTs. Whilst it has taken the province 23 years to attain the current number of casino positions, it has only taken 3 years for almost the same number of EBTs to be rolled out
- 5. Trend in growth of the roll out of EBTs and their impact:
 - i. Relative to the reported increase or decrease in other modes i.e. casinos and LPMs, bingo (specifically EBTs) appear to have the highest proportionate increase in the number of operational EBTs. Based on The Year on Year analysis, the percentage increase in the number of operational EBTs has been significantly higher in comparison to bingo overall, LPM and casinos.
 - ii. From FY2010 to FY2018 (Qrt 3), the total share of GGR in terms of bingo reported a huge and steady increase in relative GGR from 1.2% in FY2010 to 4.3% in FY2018 (Qrt 3). This period includes the introduction of EBTs and EBTs increased in number as compared to traditional bingo positions. Evidence shows that the increase in bingo GGR is as a result of the introduction of EBTs.

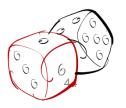
- 6. The licensing regime of EBTs is presented with some **illegality**:
 - i. There are **no technical standards for EBTs**. Currently the technical standards for casino and LPMs are used to certify **EBTs**.
 - ii. There are **no national regulations for EBTs**.
- 7. Whereas there is a clear legislative requirement to have national central monitoring systems for the LPM industry, **no such system is legislated for EBTs**. This increases regulatory risks of failure to **adequately account for all operational EBTs and revenue generated** thereof.



- 8. Requirements for casino versus bingo license:
 - Certain percentage owned by PDIs and certain percentage in management (PDIs) is higher for casinos than for bingo.
 - License fee is higher for casinos than for bingo.
 - Casinos have to contribute to both CSI and Social Enterprise Development (SED), whereas a bingo licence only requires contribution to CSI OR SED.
 - Casinos and bingo both have to have guarantees (development and licence period) – for casinos the guarantee is higher than for bingo.
 - The development guarantee (guarantee for the development of the site) to ensure that the building and infrastructure is complete, is higher than for bingo.
 - The licence period guarantee (to guarantee in cases of non-compliance to ensure that all taxes and commitment are paid by the licensee or operator) is also higher for casinos.



- 8. Requirements for casino versus bingo license:
 - Number of employees employed is higher in casino than for bingo.
 - Percentage for skills development might be higher than for bingo licences e.g. 1% or 3% of net profit after tax – depending on what the RFP requires.
 - The development expenditure for casinos is higher than for bingo licenses i.e. new casinos, and entire infrastructure much bigger outlet.
 - With regard to bingo, no national legislation that stipulate the number of bingo licenses allowed in provinces, whereas with casinos, it is clearly stipulated.
 - General comment requirements are the same but the amounts or percentages differ.
 - Casino license: Required gambling machine and tables area, hotel, conference facilities with break away rooms, restaurants, child minding facility and bar. With regard to bingo only a bingo hall with machines, traditional bingo tables, restaurant, bar and child minding facility.



- 9. The NGB recommends that:
 - i. The EBTs be **linked directly to the existing NCEMS** for consolidation of revenues and reporting of significant events. The links to the NCEMS would also be extended systematically to casino as well as horseracing and sports betting industries in order to consolidate all gambling revenues.
 - ii. National regulations with regards to bingo industry are promulgated
 - iii. There should be maximum bet and win amounts (in Rands) per game imposed with regards to the EBTs to curb increased stimulation as observed in the research data.
 - iv. Only **EBTs that conform to the NGA's definition of electronic bingo** be allowed to operate at bingo sites.
 - v. A limit be imposed on the number of EBT's per site, the proximity of bingo establishments to other gambling establishments be legislated, and total number of EBTs that may be rolled out per province be prescribed



10. In terms of competition, a decrease was noted in the number of operational casino positions from FY2016 to FY2017, but followed by an 8.4% increase during FY2018 (as a result of the opening of the new Time Square Casino in Pretoria); and increases recorded in the number of active LPMs and bingo seats. Tsogo Sun bought Vukani Gaming and Galaxy Bingo. The dominant player in the LPM (Vukani Gaming) and biggest operator in the bingo industry (Galaxy Bingo) have been acquired by the dominant casino operator (Tsogo Sun).



B-BBEE & EMPLOYMENT



B-BBEE CONRIBUTOR LEVELS AS AT 31 MARCH 2016

Based on the information submitted by PLAs, the average B-BBEE status or contributor level of the South African gambling industry as at **31 March 2016 and 2017** per gambling mode and operator, was as follows:

AVERAGE B-BBEE CONTRIBUTOR LEVELS									
INDUSTRY	31 March 2016 [Old codes]	31 March 2017 [New codes]							
CASINO	2.2	2.5							
TOTALISATORS	2.3	4.6							
LPM	2.7	3.4							
BINGO	1.6	3.4							

DIRECT EMPLOYMENT AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

DIRECT EMPLOYMENT PER PROVINCE AND MODE, FY2017

	Gambling mode	Gauteng	Western Cape	KwaZulu- Natal	Mpuma- langa	Limpopo	North West	Northern Cape	Eastern Cape	Free State	TOTAL
	Casinos	6 241	3 139	2 677	655	228	797	248	863	740	15 588
	Totalisators	316	20	60	63	35	123	13	75	77	782
	Bookmakers	539	237	2 076	770	547	470	56	29	118	4 842
	LPMs	243	3 733	106	139	510	48	23	218	131	5 151
	Bingo	61	N/A	386	61	28	106	N/A	379	N/A	1 021
	Regulators NGB PLAs	21 94	N/A 72	N/A 72	N/A 49	N/A 55	N/A 83	N/A 19	N/A 48	N/A 76	21 568
1	Total	7 515	7 201	5 377	1 737	1 403	1 627	359	1 612	1 142	27 973

Biggest contributors: Casinos, Gauteng, Western Cape, followed by KZN

RESEARCH PROJECTS = FY2018/FY2019



RESEARCH PROJECTS: FY2018/19

- ✓ NGB is embarking on the following research studies in FY2018/19 to determine:
 - ❖ The current status of transformation and growth in the South African gambling industry to ascertain the case for further expansion of the gambling industry.
 - The impact of EBTs on the traditional bingo, LPM and casino sectors within the regulated gambling industry in South Africa to ascertain the case for the further expansion of EBTs in the bingo industry.
 - ❖ The impact of the fourth industrial revolution on the current and and future regulation of gambling in South Africa i.e. virtual reality, crypto-currencies, advanced technological devices, equipment and games, facial recognition, appetite of younger generation for use of latest technology in terms of gambling, the impact on SMMEs, as well as betting on other contingencies.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Visit the NGB website

www.ngb.org.za

for more information to view

research reports and bulletins,

national gambling statistics and

gambling sector performance reports.

QUESTIONS AND COMMENTS



Presenters:

Ms Estelle Jonkheid Mr Dennis Makhari

Questions & Answers: Ms Caroline Kongwa

National: 01000 33475

E-mail: ejonkheid@ngb.org.za

Web: www.ngb.org.za

Address: 420 Witch-Hazel Avenue, Eco-Glades 2, Block C, Eco-Park, Centurion, 0144



